## (Mark one)

[X] Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended July 31, 1999. or
[ ] Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from
to

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-6050
POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

## NEVADA

88-0106100
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8550 Mosley Drive, Houston, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (713) 944-6900

Indicate by "X" whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

$$
\text { Yes } X \quad \text { No }
$$

Common Stock, par value $\$ .01$ per share; 10,675,000 shares outstanding on September 10, 1999.

## Powell Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Part I - Financial Information
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|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JY 31, } \\ & 1999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER 31, } \\ 1998 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS | (UNAUDITED) |  |  |  |
| Current Assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 5,381 | \$ | 601 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of |  |  |  |  |
| \$883 and \$761, respectively................................................... |  | 43,105 |  | 44,255 |
| Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings............................ |  | 20,199 |  | 24,783 |
| Inventories. |  | 15,930 |  | 16,284 |
| Deferred income taxes. |  | 581 |  | 709 |
| Income taxes receivable. |  | -- |  | 945 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | 2,310 |  | 1,441 |
|  |  | 87,506 |  | 89,018 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net.................................................... |  | 33,665 |  | 32,311 |
| Deferred income taxes. |  | 1,115 |  | 833 |
| Other assets. |  | 5,141 |  | 4,969 |
| Total Assets. | \$ | 127,427 | \$ | 127,131 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY |  |  |  |  |
| Current Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | \$ | 2,429 | \$ | 1,429 |
| Accounts and income taxes payable. |  | 10,726 |  | 12,094 |
| Accrued salaries, bonuses and commissions |  | 5,532 |  | 6,784 |
| Accrued product warranty. |  | 1,462 |  | 1,388 |
| Other accrued expenses.. |  | 4,690 |  | 4,652 |
| Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings. |  | 4,107 |  | 3,845 |
| Total Current Liabilities |  | 28,946 |  | 30,192 |
| Long-term debt, net of current maturities. |  | 7,500 |  | 11,571 |
| Deferred compensation expense.. |  | 1,164 |  | 1,187 |
| Postretirement benefits liability. |  | 716 |  | 845 |
| Commitments and contingencies |  |  |  |  |
| Stockholders' Equity:Preferred stock, par value \$.01; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock, par value $\$ .01 ; 30,000,000$ shares authorized; 10,671,000 and 10,659, 000 |  |  |  |  |
| shares issued and outstanding............................................... |  | 107 |  | 107 |
| Additional paid-in capital. |  | 6,013 |  | 5,919 |
| Retained earnings........ |  | 85,745 |  | 80,237 |
| Deferred compensation-ESOP. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | $(2,764)$ |  | $(2,927)$ |
| Total Stockholders' Equity..................................................... |  | 89,101 |  | 83,336 |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity. | \$ | 127,427 | \$ | 127,131 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

|  | THREE MONTHS 1999 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ENDED JULY 31, } \\ 1998 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues. | \$ 51, 612 | \$ 56,258 |
| Cost of goods sold. | 41,838 | 43,888 |
| Gross profit. | 9,774 | 12,370 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 7,507 | 7,847 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes. | 2,267 | 4,523 |
| Interest expense, net. | 136 | 59 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | 2,131 | 4,464 |
| Income tax provision.. | 618 | 1,271 |
| Earnings from continuing operations. | 1,513 | 3,193 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes. | -- | $(4,700)$ |
| Net earnings. | \$ 1,513 | \$ $(1,507)$ |
| Earnings (loss) per common share: |  |  |
| Continuing operations: |  |  |
| Basic... | \$ . 14 | \$ . 30 |
| Diluted. | . 14 | . 30 |
| Discontinued operations: |  |  |
| Basic...... | \$ | \$ (.44) |
| Diluted. | . - | (.44) |
| Net earnings: |  |  |
| Basic.. | \$ . 14 | \$ (.14) |
| Diluted. | . 14 | (.14) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding. | 10,664 | 10,643 |
| Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding.. | 10,769 | 10,745 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

|  | NINE MONTHS 1999 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ENDED JULY } 31 \\ 1998 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues.. | \$ 162, 077 | \$ 156,596 |
| Cost of goods sold. | 131,133 | 121,315 |
| Gross profit........................................................................... | 30,944 | 35,281 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses..................................... | 22,516 | 22,310 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before interest and income taxes........ | 8,428 | 12,971 |
|  | 409 | 112 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes...................... | 8,019 | 12,859 |
| Income tax provision. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,509 | 3,954 |
| Earnings from continuing operations................................................ | 5,510 | 8,905 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes....................... | -- | $(4,700)$ |
| Net earnings. | \$ 5,510 | \$ 4,205 |
| Net earnings per common share: |  |  |
| Continuing operations: |  |  |
| Basic | \$ . 52 | \$ . 84 |
|  | . 51 | . 83 |
| Discontinued operations: |  |  |
| Basic...................................................................................... | \$ | \$ (.44) |
| Diluted..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -- | (.44) |
| Net earnings: |  |  |
| Basic.......... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | \$ . 52 | \$ . 40 |
| Diluted...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 51 | . 39 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding......................... | 10,661 | 10,642 |
| Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding... | 10,771 | 10,750 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

 (IN THOUSANDS)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments which are of a normal recurring nature necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's October 31, 1998 annual report on Form 10-K.

SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", was issued in June 1997. SFAS No. 130 requires the presentation of comprehensive income in an entity's financial statements. Comprehensive income represents all changes in equity of an entity during the reporting period, including net income and charges directly to equity which are excluded from net income. The Company adopted SFAS No. 130 during fiscal year ended October 31, 1998. The adoption had no effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.
B. INVENTORY

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 31, \\ 1999 \\ ---- \\ \text { (unaudited) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } 31 \\ 1998 \\ ---- \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The components of inventory are summarized below (in thousands): |  |  |
| Raw materials and subassemblies. | \$ 9,334 | \$ 9,795 |
| Work-in-process. | 6,596 | 6,489 |
| Total inventories. | \$ 15,930 | \$ 16,284 |

C. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 31, \\ 1999 \\ --- \\ \text { (unaudited) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { October 31, } \\ 1999 \\ ---- \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property, plant and equipment is summarized below (in thousands): |  |  |
| Land. | \$ 3,193 | \$ 2,720 |
| Buildings and improvements | 30,588 | 27,478 |
| Machinery and equipment. | 29,289 | 28,149 |
| Furniture \& fixtures. | 4,392 | 4,039 |
| Construction in process. | 2,278 | 3,364 |
| Less-accumulated depreciation. | $\begin{gathered} 69,740 \\ (36,075) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 65,750 \\ (33,439) \end{gathered}$ |
| Total property, plant and equipment, net | \$33,665 | \$32,311 |

    Item 1
    D．PRODUCTION CONTRACTS
For contracts for which the percentage－of－completion method is used，costs
and estimated earnings in excess of billings are shown as a current asset and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings are shown as a current liability．The components of these contracts are as follows（in thousands）：

| Costs and estimated earnings | \＄86，695 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Progress billings． | $(66,496)$ |
| Total costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings． | \＄20，199 |
| Progress billings． | \＄99，969 |
| Costs and estimated earnings． | $(95,862)$ |
| Total billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings． | \＄3，834 |

E．EARNINGS PER SHARE
The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted
earnings per share（in thousands，except share and per share data）：

Nine Months Ended July 31，
$\left.\begin{array}{c}1999 \\ ---- \\ \text {（unaudited）}\end{array}\right)$

Numerator：
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share－earnings from continuing operations available to common stockholders
\＄1，513
\＄3，197
\＄5，510
\＄8，905
＝＝＝＝＝＝＝
＝＝＝＝＝＝
＝＝＝ニ＝＝
＝＝ニ＝ニ＝

| Denominator： |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Denominator for basic earnings per share－ weighted average shares． $\qquad$ | 10，664 |
| Effect of dilutive securities－employee stock options． | 105 |
| Denominator for diluted earnings per share－adjusted weighted－average shares with assumed conversions． | 10，769 |
| Basic earning per share． | \＄． 14 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \＄． 14 |

F. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (unaudited)

The Company has three reportable segments: 1. Switchgear and related equipment and service (Switchgear) for distribution, control and management of electrical energy. 2. Bus duct products (Bus Duct) for distribution of electric power. 3. Process Control Systems which consists principally of instrumentation, computer control, communications and data management systems for the control of dynamic processes. The accounting policies used for the reportable segments are the same as those used for the consolidated financial statements.

The required disclosures for the business segments are set forth below (in thousands):

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |
| Switchgear | \$32, 862 | \$41, 253 | \$110, 071 | \$112,588 |
| Bus Duct. | 7,067 | 6,654 | 20,823 | 19,336 |
| Process Control Systems. | 8,069 | 5,300 | 22,876 | 16,492 |
| Sub-total. | 47,998 | 53,207 | 153,770 | 148,416 |
| Other | 4,105 | 3,324 | 11, 051 | 10,580 |
| Intercompany Eliminations. | (492) | (273) | $(2,744)$ | $(2,400)$ |
| Total Revenues. | \$51, 611 | \$56,258 | \$162, 077 | \$156,596 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes: |  |  |  |  |
| Switchgear. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | \$ 1,601 | \$ 4,617 | \$ 6,652 | \$ 11,383 |
| Bus Duct......... | 1,367 | 1,665 | 3,841 | 4,325 |
| Process Control Systems................................... | 273 | 171 | 822 | 413 |
| Sub-total.......... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $3,241$ |  |  |  |
| Other | $(1,111)$ | $(1,990)$ | $(3,296)$ | $(3,262)$ |
| Total earnings from continuing operations \$ \$ 4,463 \$ 8 019 \$ |  |  |  |  |
| before income taxes......... | \$ 2,130 | \$ 4,463 | \$ 8,019 | \$ 12,859 |


| July 31, | October 31 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1999 | 1998 |
| ------ |  |
| (Unaudited) |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 77,743$ | $\$ 90,603$ |
| 13,148 | 12,271 |
| 12,713 | 10,309 |
| ----- | ------ |
| 103,604 | 113,183 |
| 23,824 | 13,948 |
| ----- | ------ |
| $\$ 127,428$ | $\$ 127,131$ |
| $=======$ | $=======$ |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, as a percentage of revenues, certain items from the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

|  | July 31, 1999 |  | July 31, 1998 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | three months ended | nine months ended | three months ended | nine months ended |
| Revenues | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Gross Profit | 18.9 | 19.1 | 22.0 | 22.5 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 14.5 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 14.2 |
| Interest expense, net | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Earnings from operations before income taxes | 4.1 | 4.9 | 8.0 | 8.2 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 2.9 | 3.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes | -- | -- | (8.4) | (3.0) |
| Net Earnings | 2.9 | 3.4 | (2.7) | 2.7 |

Revenues for the quarter ended July 31, 1999, were down 8.3 percent to
$\$ 51,612,000$ from $\$ 56,258,000$ in the third quarter of last year. Revenues for the nine months ended July 31, 1999 were up 3.5 percent to $\$ 162,077,000$ from $\$ 156,596,000$. The increases in revenues for the nine month period were in the domestic markets. The sales decreases for the quarter were due to unfavorable market conditions in the Switchgear business segment. Export revenues continued to be an important component of the Company's operations, accounting for $\$ 56,597,000$ for the nine months ending July 31, 1999 compared to $\$ 64,414,000$ for the same period of 1998.

Gross profit, as a percentage of revenues, was 18.9 percent and 22.0 percent for the quarters ended July 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The lower percentages in 1999 were mainly due to the decline in performance of the Switchgear business segment and lower prices, and changes in product mix to lower gross margin products.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues were 14.5 percent and 13.9 percent for the quarters ended July 31, 1999 and 1998 , respectively. The increase in percentages reflects the decreased volume of revenues.

Interest expense, net The following schedule shows the amounts for interest expense and income:

|  | July Three months ended | 1999 <br> nine months ended | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July 31, } \\ & \text { three months } \\ & \text { ended } \end{aligned}$ | 1998 <br> nine months ended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expense | \$214, 000 | \$643, 000 | \$136, 000 | \$359, 000 |
| Income | $(78,000)$ | $(234,000)$ | $(77,000)$ | ( 247,000 ) |
| Net | \$136,000 | \$409, 000 | \$ 59,000 | \$112, 000 |

Sources of interest expense in fiscal year 1999 and 1998 were primarily related to bank notes payable at rates between 6 and $8 \%$.

Sources of the interest income were related to notes receivable and short-term investment of available funds at various rates between 4 and $7 \%$.

Income tax provision The effective tax rates on continuing operations earnings were 29.0 percent and 28.5 percent for the quarters ended July 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The effective tax rates in both years have benefited for foreign sale corporation credits. These effective tax rates have benefited from timing differences and should finish the year at approximately 31 percent, which is more consistent with prime years.

Earnings from continuing operations were $\$ 1,513,000$ or $\$ .14$ per diluted share for the third quarter of fiscal 1999, a decrease from $\$ 3,193,000$ or $\$ .30$ per diluted share for the same period last year. The decrease was mainly due to lower gross margins in the Switchgear and Bus Duct business segments.

Backlog The order backlog at July 31, 1999 was $\$ 148.9$ million, compared to $\$ 143.4$ million at October 31, 1998.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

In September 1998, the Company amended an existing revolving line of credit agreement with a major domestic bank. The agreement provided for a $\$ 10,000,000$ term loan and a revolving line of credit of $\$ 15,000,000$. In February 1999 the agreement was amended to increase the revolving line of credit to $\$ 20,000,000$. The Company had no borrowings outstanding under this line on July 31, 1999 and was in compliance with all financial covenants of the agreement.

The Company's ability to satisfy its cash requirements is evaluated by analyzing key measures of liquidity applicable to the Company. The following table is a summary of the measures which are significant to management:

|  | July 31, | October 31, |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1999 | 1998 |
| Working Capital | ----- | - |
| Current Ratio | $\$ 58,561,000$ | $\$ 58,826,000$ |
| Long-term Debt to Capitalization | 3.02 to 1 | 2.95 to 1 |

Management believes that the Company continues to maintain a strong liquidity position. Working capital at July 31, 1999 changed very little as compared to October 31, 1998. However, the increase in funds from the reductions in accounts receivables, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and inventories were used to pay down debt and to increase cash equivalents

The Company's fiscal 1999 asset management program will continue to focus on the collection of receivables and reduction in inventories. The Company plans to satisfy its fiscal 1999 capital requirements and operating needs primarily with funds available in cash and cash equivalents of $\$ 5,381,000$, funds generated from operating activities and funds available under its existing revolving credit line.

The previous discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

Year 2000 Readiness
The Year 2000 readiness issue results from the historical use in computer software programs and operating systems of a two digit number to represent the year. Certain software and hardware may fail to properly function when confronted with dates that contain "00" as a two digit year. New information about the nuances of the problem seems to become available on almost a daily basis and that is likely to continue as companies around the world focus increased attention and resources on finding solutions to the problem's many manifestations.

To address the potential risk for disruption of operations, each subsidiary of the Company has developed a compliance plan. The Company has substantially completed a comprehensive initial assessment of the readiness of its internal systems and manufacturing systems. Many of the readiness issues identified in internal systems during the course of the initial assessment have already been addressed. Numerous tests have been conducted to confirm the effectiveness of applied solutions. Additional testing will occur throughout 1999. While the Company's initial assessment is substantially complete, the Company intends to continue to update the assessment of its state of readiness based upon new information that may become available from third party vendors, suppliers and manufacturers in the months to come.

All components originally manufactured by the Company are inherently compliant in that the components do not manipulate, process, store or record date-related information. However, a few subsidiaries, including the Company's largest subsidiary, Powell Electrical Manufacturing Company, sell engineered systems that include potentially noncompliant components manufactured by third parties. The Company is pursuing a plan to evaluate the compliance status of all components manufactured by third parties and will pass through to its
customers any compliance warranties provided by the components' manufacturers. The Company will continue to strongly recommend to its customers that each of them make an independent evaluation of the readiness of manufactured products that include potentially noncompliant components.

The Transdyn Controls, Inc. subsidiary is a systems integrator of primarily third party products. As an integrator, Transdyn must rely on the readiness information provided by the providers of those third party products. Microsoft is the primary provider of software Transdyn utilizes in its integrated systems. Based on currently available information, Transdyn believes that the versions of third party products currently integrated into systems it develops are either compliant or will be compliant upon application of readily available patches. Earlier versions of third party products integrated in systems delivered by Transdyn in the past are known to be noncompliant, and Transdyn will continue to work to identify and notify affected customers. Transdyn is offering its services to affected customers to assist in the testing, retrofit or upgrade process.

The costs to the Company to achieve Year 2000 readiness are believed to be approximately $\$ 500,000$ to $\$ 600,000$. Most tasks associated with compliance plan implementation have been or will be completed by internal employees. Certain tasks will be performed by external solution providers; however, reliance on external resources will not be significant.

The most likely worst case Year 2000 scenario for the Company includes the following possibilities:
o A limited number of components manufactured by third parties will fail in some respect despite the manufacturers' assurances that such components are compliant. To the extent that this occurs and the Company is obligated to do so under contractual warranties, the Company will make replacement components available to customers. Otherwise, the Company will facilitate the identification of viable compliant components and replacement of the noncompliant components.
o A limited number of customers who were notified of possible compliance issues associated with older equipment will fail to timely address the issue and will seek assistance from the Company after roll-over. To the extent sufficient and appropriate resources are available, the Company will facilitate component replacement or upgrades.

Some customers may suffer failures that cause those customers to delay placing additional orders of new equipment during the first quarter of 2000 or to delay payment for previously ordered products. The Company plans to position itself to adjust to any temporary reduction of new orders and to withstand short term cash flow issues.
o One or more physical facilities may suffer some degree of infrastructure failure, due in part to the number of geographic locations of the various subsidiaries. The Company plans to carefully manage its contractual obligations to customers during the first month of 2000 so as to minimize the effect any infrastructure failure might have on its ability to satisfy those obligations. At this time, the Company does not intend to invest in alternative sources of water, power or telecommunications. The Company will prepare further contingency plans to deal with potential infrastructure failure if and when additional information becomes available from current providers as to their state of readiness.

While other scenarios are possible given the interdependent nature of all businesses, the Company believes that the foregoing elements, individually or any combination of one or more other element, represent the most likely worst case scenario.

The Company's financial instruments include cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, debt obligations and interest rate swaps. The book value of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable and payable and short-term debt are considered to be representative of fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Company believes that the carrying value of its borrowings under the credit agreement approximate their fair value as they bear interest at rates indexed to IBOR. The Company's accounts receivables are not concentrated in one customer or industry and are not viewed as an unusual credit risks. The Company had recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts of $\$ 883,000$ at July 31, 1999 and $\$ 761,000$ at October 31, 1998, respectively.

The Company has an interest rate swap agreement, which is used by the Company in the management of interest rate exposure, and is accounted for on the accrual basis. Income and expense resulting from this agreement is recorded in the same category as interest expense accrued on the related term note. Amounts to be paid or received under the interest rate swap agreement are recognized as an adjustment to expense in the periods in which they accrue. At April 30, 1999 the Company had $\$ 8,929,000$ of borrowings subject to the interest rate swap at a rate of $5.20 \%$ through September 30, 2003. The agreements require that the Company pay the counterparty at the above fixed swap rate and requires the counterparty to pay the Company interest at the 90 day LIBOR rate. The closing 90 day LIBOR rate on July 31, 1999 was 5.31\%.

Any forward looking statements in the preceding paragraphs of this Form 10-Q are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Investors are cautioned that such forward looking statements involve risks and uncertainty in that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, difficulties which could arise in obtaining materials or components in sufficient quantities as needed for the Company's manufacturing and assembly operations, unforeseen political or economic problems in countries to which the Company exports its products in relation to the Company's principal competitors, any significant decrease in the Company's backlog of orders, any material employee relations problems, or any material litigation or claims made against the Company, as well as general market conditions, competition and pricing.

## OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings
The Company is a party to disputes arising in the ordinary course of business. Management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of these disputes will materially affect the financial position of results of operations of the Company

ITEM 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds
None
ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
Not applicable
ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
None
ITEM 5. Other Information
None
ITEM 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
a. Exhibits
27.0 Financial Data Schedule
b. Reports on Form 8-K

None

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized

POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC.
Registrant

September 13, 1999
Date
/s/ THOMAS W. POWELL
Thomas W. Powell
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

## September 13, 1999

Date
/s/ J. F. AHART
J.F. Ahart

Vice President,
Secretary-Treasurer
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

## EXHIBIT INDEX

DESCRIPTION
-
Financial Data Schedule

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE COMPANY'S UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JULY 31, 1999 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

1,000

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 3-MOS } \\
& \text { OCT-31-1999 } \\
& \text { JUL-31-1999 } \\
& \text { 5,381 } \\
& 0 \\
& \text { 43, } 988 \\
& \text { 5,930 } \\
& \text { 87,506 } \\
& \text { 69,740 } \\
& \text { 36, } 075 \\
& \text { 127,428 } \\
& \text { 28,946 } \\
& \text { 7,500 } \\
& 0 \\
& 107 \\
& \text { 8,994 } \\
& \text { 127,427 } \\
& \text { 51,612 } \\
& \text { 51, } 612 \\
& \text { 41, } 838 \\
& \text { 41, } 838 \\
& \text { 7,507 } \\
& 136 \\
& \text { 2,131 } \\
& \text { 1,513 } \\
& 0 \\
& \text { 1,513 } \\
& 0.14 \\
& 0.14
\end{aligned}
$$

